Hydrogen 1							He He
Li Lithium 1 11 Na Sodium 23	He Be Beryllium 12 Mg Magnesium 24	5 B Boron 11 13 Al	6 C Carbon 17 14 Si Silicon	7 Nitrogen 14 15 P	8 O Oxygen 16 16 S	9 F Fluorine 19 17	Holium 10 Ne Neon 20 18 Ar

1.	. What is the boldfaced letter or letters in the center of the box?
2.	What is the number above a boldfaced letter or fetters?
3.	What is the number below the name of an element?

Element	Number of Protons in Atom	Number of Neutrons in Atom	Number of Electrons in Atom	Number of Electrons in First Energy Level	Number of Electrons in Second Energy	Number of Electrons in Third Energy Level
Carbon				Maked I Make Samuel I Maked Ma	And the second second second second	
Chlorine						
Helium						
Hydrogen						
Lithium	-				2	
Magnesium						
Veon						
litrogen				-34134		
xygen						
hosphorus						
odium						
ıllur						

4

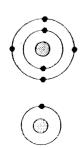
Basic Chemistry

Science Skills

Drawing Diagrams of Chemical Reactions

All living things are made of cells, and all cells are composed of thousands of different kinds of chemical compounds. Determining the structure of compounds often requires knowledge of the electron structure of their atoms.

A. Study the diagrams below that show the electron structures of carbon and hydrogen atoms. Complete the diagram by showing how four hydrogen atoms combine with one carbon atom. Then show the electron structure of the resulting molecule.



carbon and hydrogen

- 1. Show how the electrons are shared here.
- 2. Show the resulting molecule here
- 3. What kind of chemical bonding is shown in the third diagram?
- 4. How are these bonds formed?
- B. In the spaces below, show how one atom of sodium combines with one atom of chlorine.





sodium and chlorine

- 1. Show how the electrons are transferred here.
- 2. Show the resulting molecule
- 3. What kind of chemical bonding is shown in the third diagram?
- 4. How are the atoms bonded together?